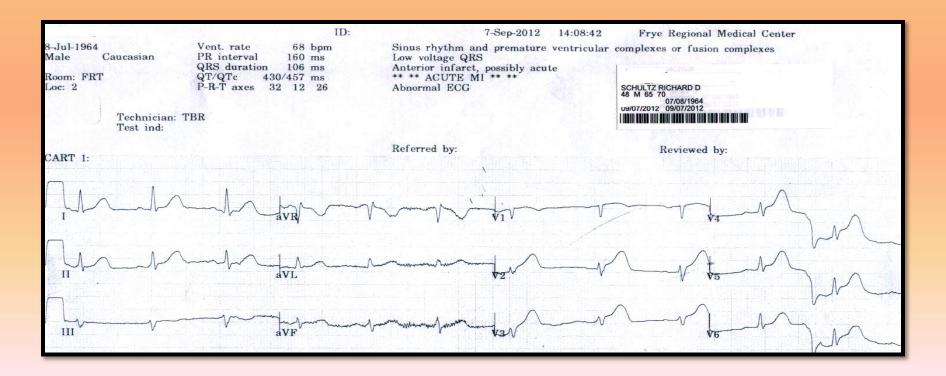
FRMC WI 09-07-2012

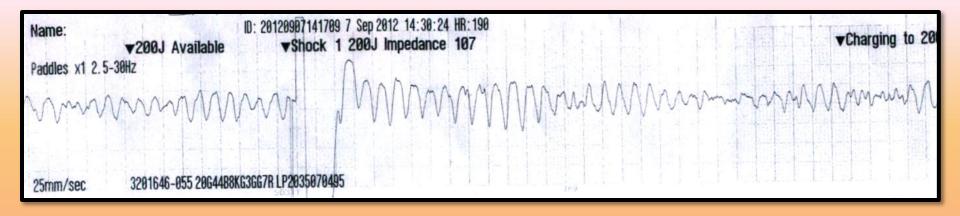
48 male with SSCP x 20 min

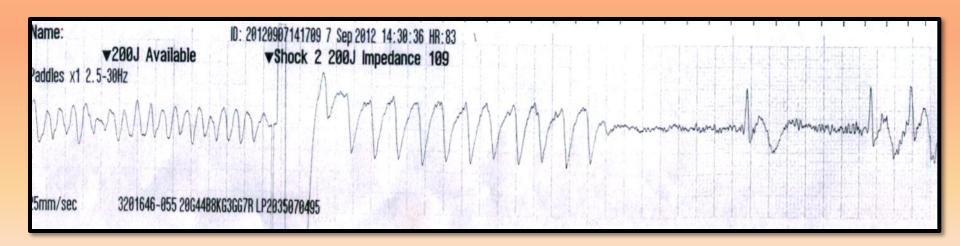
- -Symptoms: weakness, diaphoresis, SOB
- -History: 2nd degree relative, Overweight
 - -Ekg: EKG with Anterior ST elevation

Aspirin, Heparin, Hands Free Defib Pads

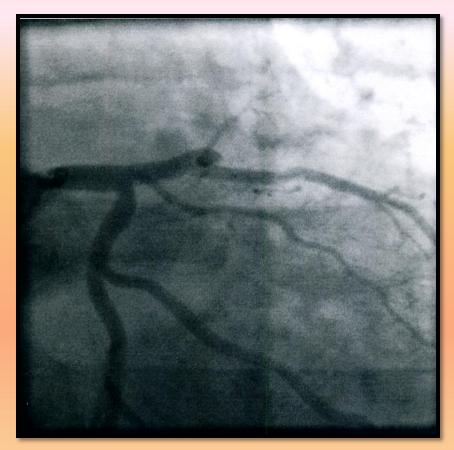


Prior to Start of Cath



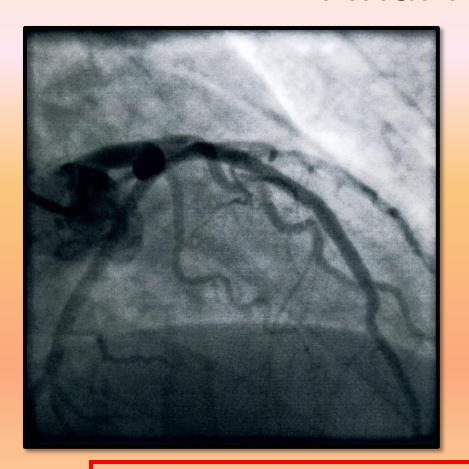


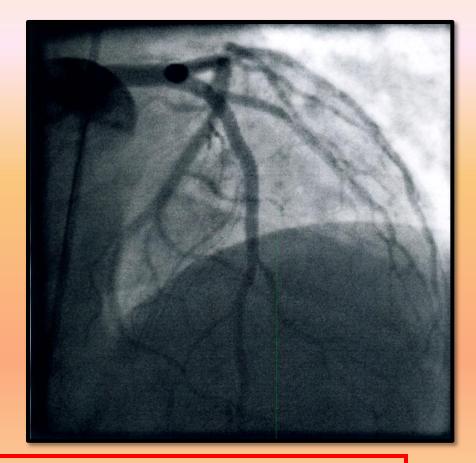
Findings





Final Results





EKG: 0 min; **DI/DO**: 12 min

Activation to Cath Lab: 10min; Cath Lab to PCI: 22 min;

D2B: 37 min

What makes it Work???

Team Work

- Wife recognition of Heart Attack Signs and Symptoms
- Immediate EKG on arrival
- Activation of STEMI line < 2 minutes from arrival
- Utilization of Non Interventionalist in ED
- Verbal Consent for Emergency Cardiac Cath
- ED staff and Cath Team Collaboration
 - Recognition of Critical Patient with Team Care Given
 - Immediate EKG and Lab draws
 - Assistance of ED staff with patient transport and care